

# SYNTHESIS OF ZINC IODIDE

## TRACKING A CHEMICAL REACTION

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### MATERIALS NEEDED:

0.1 g zinc metal, Zn, dust  
zinc metal, Zn, mossy or strip  
0.1 g iodine, I<sub>2</sub>, crystal  
water, distilled or deionized  
½ of a disposable petri dish or a watch glass (10-12 cm diameter)  
stirring rod  
Zip-loc type bag, gallon size  
dropper  
funnel  
filter paper  
ring or funnel support  
beakers, 2 25-mL, 2 50-mL  
conductivity tester  
Bunsen burner or hot plate  
ring stand with ring support or tripod  
wire gauze  
tongs  
plastic weighing dishes

### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS:

Wear safety goggles or glasses at all times in the laboratory.

Iodine vapors are toxic. Work in a well ventilated area.

Iodine is corrosive. In the event of skin contact with iodine, immediately rinse with cold water. The iodine will leave yellow stains on the skin. Clean up any spills immediately.

Make sure that the Zip-loc bag is sealed before starting the reaction.

### DISPOSAL:

Dispose of the zinc iodide solution in the Halogen Waste container or as directed by your instructor.

The zip-loc bag and disposable petri dish can be disposed of in the trash.

### EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURE:

(Note: Answer questions and summarize results on a separate sheet of paper)

Obtain 0.1 g each of powdered zinc and iodine. Examine the samples of zinc and iodine. Note their appearance and physical properties.

Test both solids for conductivity. Test the conductivity of a piece of mossy zinc or zinc strip. (See Table 1)

Test some distilled or deionized water for conductivity.

Add a small amount of the zinc to some distilled or deionized water in a 25-mL beaker. Do you observe any changes? Test the conductivity.

Add a small amount of the iodine to some distilled or deionized water in a 25-mL beaker. Do you observe any changes? Test the conductivity.

Place the remaining dry zinc and the dry iodine on a dry watch glass or disposable Petri dish. Mix them together, but do not grind them. Push the mixture into a little mound. Place the watch glass inside the zip-lock bag and zip it shut.

Place a sheet of white paper under the watch glass (or Petri dish) and plastic bag.

Fill the dropper (one squeeze) with distilled or deionized water. Poke it through the side of the plastic bag. Pull up the plastic bag above the watch glass/Petri dish.

Add one drop of water to the mixture in the watch glass/Petri dish. Is there any evidence of a chemical reaction?

Add the rest of the water to the mixture, drop by drop, until no further reaction occurs. Record any additional observations.

Remove the watch glass/petri dish from the plastic bag.

Filter the solution into a small beaker. Wash the solution from the watch glass/petri dish into a filter paper in a funnel using a minimum amount of distilled water from a wash bottle. Wash the filter paper with 1 or 2 mL of distilled water.

Test the filtered solution in the beaker for conductivity. Look closely at the two electrodes as you test the conductivity. Do you observe any changes near the electrodes?

Place the beaker on a hotplate or a ring stand or tripod. Heat it gently to just evaporate the water. Allow the beaker and contents to cool.

Observe the contents of the beaker. Test the solid for conductivity.

Test the solid for solubility by adding a few mL of distilled water to the beaker. Test the liquid for conductivity.

Summarize your observations and results of this experiment.

## **CLEAN UP**

Dispose of all solutions in the proper waste containers.

Clean up all apparatus used with soapy water. Rinse well before placing apparatus in your laboratory drawer or returning it to the stockroom.

**Table 1. Conductivity scale for conductivity measurements.**

<b>Scale</b>	<b>Red LED</b>	<b>Green LED</b>	<b>Conductivity</b>
0	off	off	very low or none
1	dim	off	low
2	medium	off	medium
3	bright	dim	high
4	very bright	medium	very high

**REFERENCE:**

This experiment is based on Kinsley, Therese Huang, *Synthesis and Decomposition of ZnI<sub>2</sub>*, **CHEM 13 NEWS**, September 1993, No 223, page 15.

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## TRACKING A CHEMICAL REACTION

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Course/Section: \_\_\_\_\_

Partner's Name (if applicable): \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### DATA and QUESTIONS:

1. What are some properties of the elements used in this experiment?

2. Conductivity:

Zinc metal, mossy or strip:

Zinc metal, powder:

Iodine crystals

Distilled or deionized water:

Mixture of zinc metal with deionized water:

Mixture of iodine with deionized water:

3. Describe any changes that take place upon the addition of water to the zinc and iodine mixture.

